Model for Improvement

The Model for Improvement¹ is a simple yet powerful tool for accelerating improvement, which has two parts:

three fundamental questions, which can be addressed in any order

the plan-do-study-act (PDSA) cycle to test and implement changes. The PDSA cycle guides the test of a change to determine if the change is an improvement.

Setting an aim: To achieve improvement, project teams first need to set an aim. The aim should be time-specific and measurable. It should also define the specific population of tangata whaiora that will be affected.

Establishing measures: Project teams use quantitative measures to determine if a specific change leads to an improvement.

Choosing changes: All improvement requires making changes, but not all changes result in improvement. For this reason, organisations must identify the changes that are most likely to result in improvement.

Testing changes: The PDSA cycle is shorthand for testing a change in the real work setting – by planning it, trying it, observing the results and acting on what you learn. This is the scientific method used for action-oriented learning.



Zero seclusion: Safety and dignity for all | Aukatia te noho punanga:

Noho haumanu, tū rangatira mō te tokomaha change package (May 2022 | Haratua 2022) –

www.hqsc.govt.nz/resources/resource-library/zero-seclusion-change-package

¹ Developed by Associates in Process Improvement based in the USA (www.apiweb.org).